

Algebra 1B - Chapter 5 Test Review

Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

B 1. Which ordered pair is a solution of $\begin{cases} x - y = -3 \\ 2x + y = 0 \end{cases}$?

- a. $(-3, 0)$
 b. $(-1, 2)$
 c. $(0, 0)$
 d. $(1, 4)$

$$\begin{array}{r} x - y = -3 \\ + 2x + y = 0 \\ \hline 3x = -3 \end{array}$$

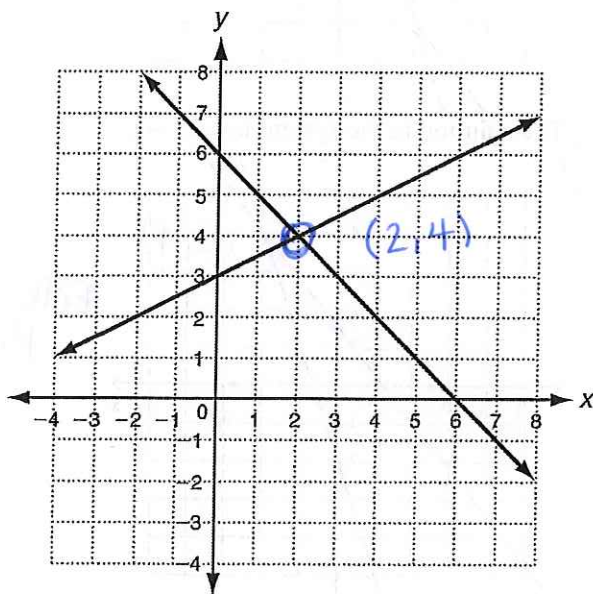
$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{-3}{3} \quad \boxed{x = -1}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 - y = -3 \\ +1 \quad +1 \end{array}$$

$$-y = -2$$

$$\boxed{y = 2}$$

C 2. The graph of a system of linear equations is shown below. What is the solution of the system?



- a. $(0, 3)$
 b. $(0, 6)$
 c. $(2, 4)$
 d. $(6, 0)$

B 3. Which ordered pair is a solution of $\begin{cases} y = 0.5x + 2 \\ -y = 3 - x \end{cases}$?

- a. $(6, 5)$
 b. $(10, 7)$
 c. $(11, 8)$
 d. $(17, 14)$

$$\begin{array}{l} y = 0.5x + 2 \\ y = (-3 + x) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3 + x = 0.5x + 2 \\ +3 \quad +3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x = 0.5x + 5 \\ -0.5x - 0.5x \end{array}$$

$$\frac{0.5x}{0.5} = \frac{5}{0.5} \quad \boxed{x = 10}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y = 0.5(10) + 2 \\ = 5 + 2 \\ = 7 \end{array}$$

D

4. Use a graph to solve the system

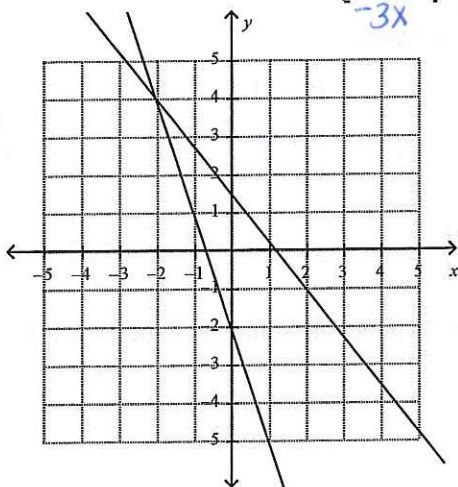
OR you could plug
in different points
& see which one is true

$$\begin{cases} -5x + 4y = 6 \\ 3x - y = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{4y}{4} = \frac{5x+6}{4} \quad y = \frac{5}{4}x + 1.5$$

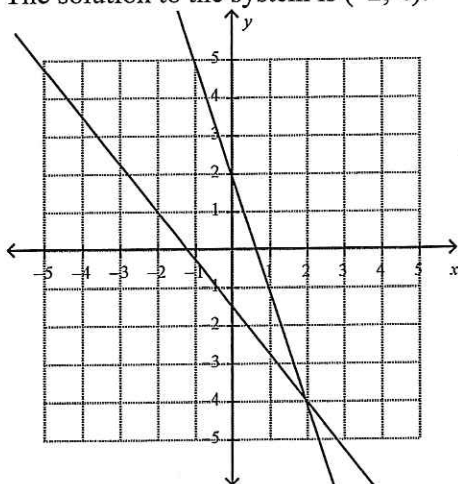
$$-\frac{y}{1} = \frac{-3x+2}{1} \quad y = 3x - 2$$

a.



The solution to the system is $(-2, 4)$.

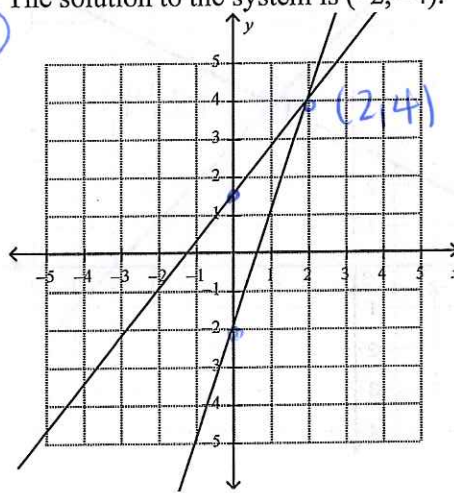
b.



The solution to the system is $(2, -4)$.

d.

The solution to the system is $(-2, -4)$.



The solution to the system is $(2, 4)$.

Both have
positive
slopes

D

5. solve the system.

$$\begin{cases} x = 1 + y \\ 3x - 6y = -12 \end{cases}$$

a. $(-2, -1)$

b. $(2, 3)$

$$\begin{aligned} 3(1+y) - 6y &= -12 \\ 3 + 3y - 6y &= -12 \\ 3 - 3y &= -12 \\ -3y &= -15 \\ y &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

c. $\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -1\frac{2}{3}\right)$

d. $(6, 5)$

$$x = 1 + 5 = 6 \\ (6, 5)$$

B

6. Solve $\begin{cases} y = x + 3 \\ 2x + y = -6 \end{cases}$ by substitution.

a. $(-9, -6)$

b. $(-3, 0)$

c. $(-1, 2)$

d. $(-3, 6)$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x + x + 3 &= -6 \\ 3x + 3 &= -6 \\ 3x &= -9 \\ x &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -3 + 3 \\ y &= 0 \\ (-3, 0) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{-9}{3} \quad |x = -3|$$

C 7. Solve $\begin{cases} y = 4x - 1 \\ y = 3x + 6 \end{cases}$ by substitution.

- a. (7, -6)
b. (1, 3)

$$4x - 1 = 3x + 6$$

$$+1 \quad +1$$

$$4x = 3x + 7$$

$$-3x \quad -3x$$

$$x = 7$$

$$y = 4(7) - 1 = 27$$

$$(7, 27)$$

- c. (7, 27)
d. (1, 5)

B 8. Solve $\begin{cases} 3x + y = -3 \\ y = x + 5 \end{cases}$ by substitution. Express your answer as an ordered pair.

- a. (3, -2)
b. (-2, 3)

c. $(-\frac{4}{3}, 1)$

d. $(-\frac{8}{3}, -3)$

$$3x + x + 5 = -3$$

$$4x + 5 = -3$$

$$-5 \quad -5$$

$$y = -2 + 5$$

$$y = 3$$

$$4x = -8$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-8}{4}$$

$$x = -2$$

9. Solve $\begin{cases} 2a - b + c = -5 \\ a - b = -2 \\ 2a + b = 5 \end{cases}$ by substitution.

- a. $a = -2, b = 0, c = -2$
b. $a = 1, b = 3, c = -6$

c. $a = 1, b = 3, c = -4$

d. $a = -2, b = 0, c = -1$

A 10. Solve $\begin{cases} x + y = -1 \\ x - y = -7 \end{cases}$ by elimination.

- a. (-4, 3)
b. (-3, 2)

- c. (3, -4)
d. (2, -3)

$$-4 + y = -1$$

$$+4 \quad +4$$

$$y = 3$$

$$(-4, 3)$$

B 11. Solve by elimination: $\begin{cases} 3x + 2y = -1 \\ x - 2y = 11 \end{cases}$

- a. (-5, 8)
b. $(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{17}{4})$

- c. (3, -4)
d. $(4, -\frac{7}{2})$

$$\frac{5}{2} - 2y = 11$$

$$-5/2 \quad -5/2$$

$$-2y = \frac{27}{2}$$

$$\frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{27}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{-2}$$

A 12. Use elimination to solve the system $\begin{cases} 3x - 3y = 3 \\ 4x + 3y = 53 \end{cases}$

- a. (8, 7)
b. (0, -1)

- c. (7, 8)
d. (-2, -3)

$$3(8) - 3y = 3$$

$$24 - 3y = 3$$

$$-24 \quad -24$$

$$-3y = -21$$

$$\frac{-3y}{-3} = \frac{-21}{-3}$$

$$y = 7$$

D 13. For which would you draw a dashed boundary line and shade to the left?

- a. $x \geq -4$
b. $x > -4$

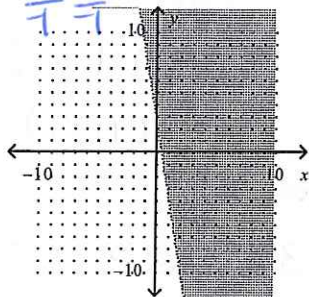
- c. $x \leq -4$
d. $x < -4$

A

14. Graph.

$-y < 6x - 3$

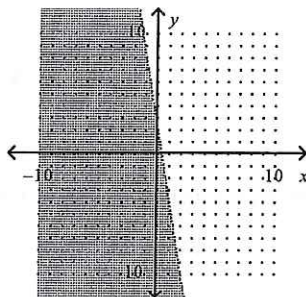
a.



$y > -6x + 3$

has a negative slope
& a dashed line

c.



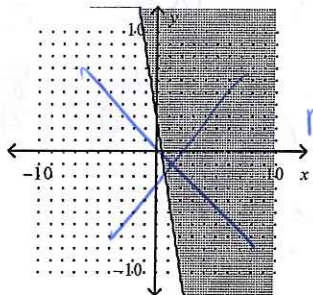
$0 > -6(0) + 3$

$0 > 3$

False

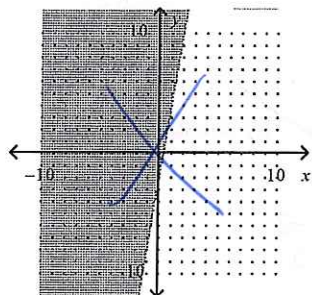
Shade away
from (0,0)

b.



not
dashed

d.

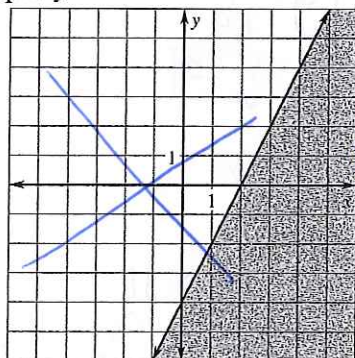


not
neg.
slope

D

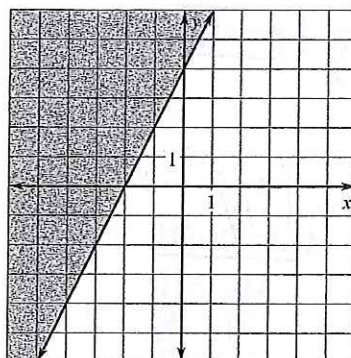
15. Graph: $y \leq 2x + 4$

a.

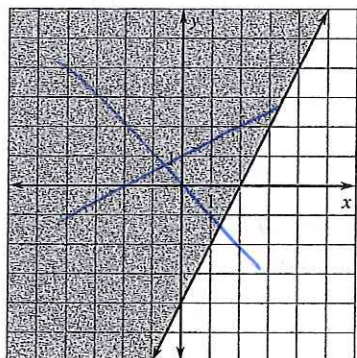


y-int
not
at 4

c.

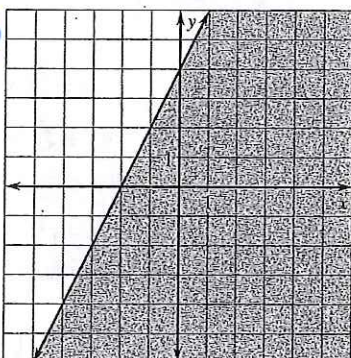


b.



y-int
not
at
4

d.



y-intercept at 4

$0 \leq 2(0) + 4$

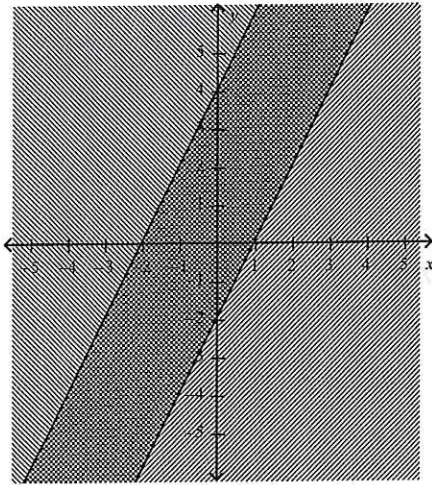
$0 \leq 4$

True

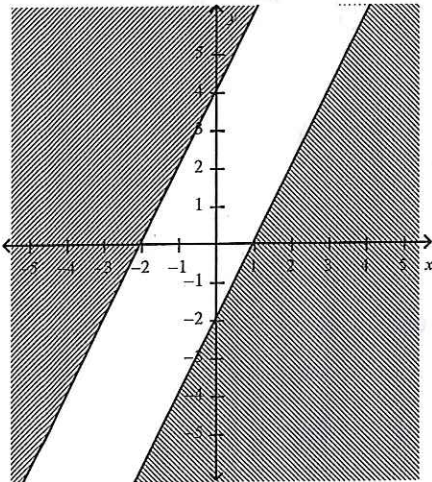
Shade over
(0,0)

- B 16. Graph the system of linear inequalities $\begin{cases} y \geq 2x + 4 \\ y \leq 2x - 2 \end{cases}$.

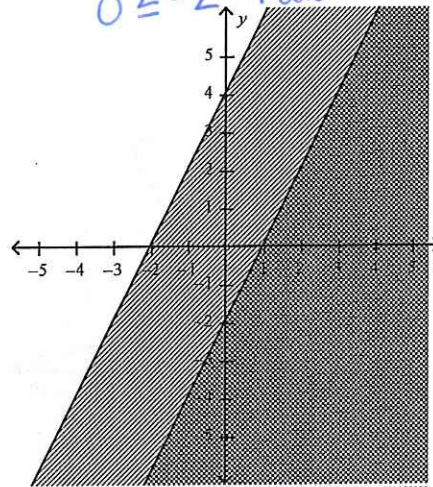
a.



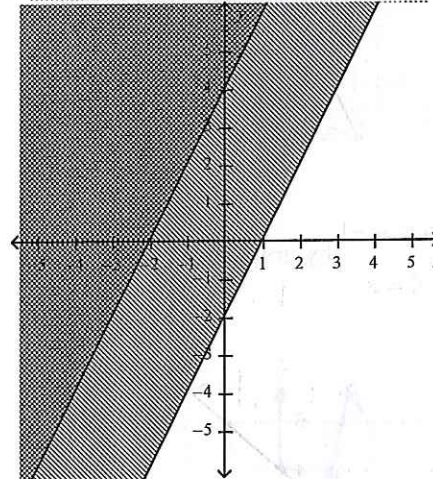
b.



c.



d.



$$0 \geq 2(0) + 4$$

$$0 \geq 4 \text{ False (Shade away from (0,0))}$$

$$0 \leq 2(0) - 2$$

$$0 \leq -2 \text{ False (Shade away from (0,0))}$$

Short Answer

1. Tell whether $(-5, -6)$ is a solution of $\begin{cases} x - 2y = 7 \\ y - x = -1 \end{cases}$.

or plug in $\rightarrow$
 & see if it makes
 the equations true

$$\begin{array}{r} x - 2y = 7 \\ + \quad -x + y = -1 \\ \hline -y = 6 \\ \hline y = -6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x - 2(-6) = 7 \\ x + 12 = 7 \\ \hline x = -5 \end{array}$$

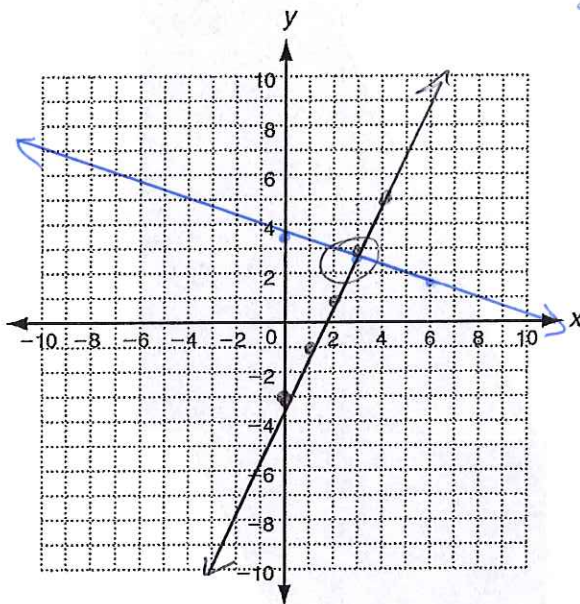
$$y = -6$$

$$x = -5$$

$$(-5, -6)$$

yes

2. Solve $\begin{cases} x+3y=11 \\ 2x-y=3 \end{cases}$ by graphing.



$$\begin{array}{r} x+3y=11 \\ -x \quad -x \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{-x+11}{3}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 3.7$$

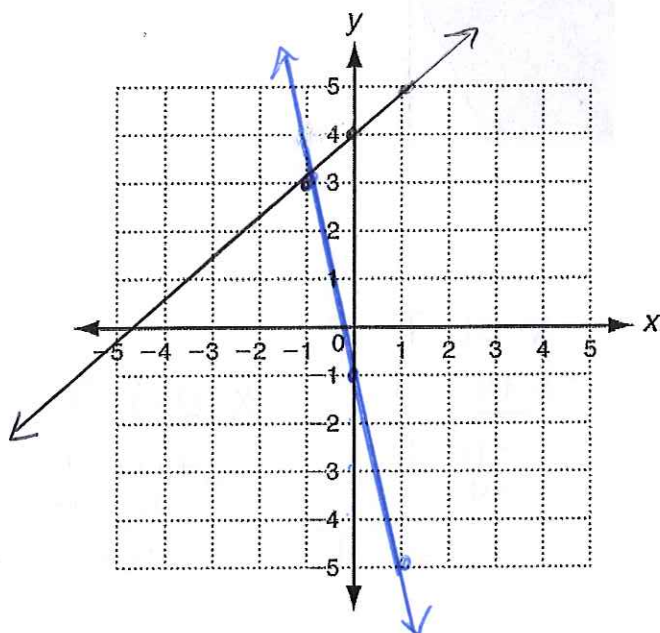
$$\begin{array}{r} 2x-y=3 \\ -2x \quad -2x \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-y}{-1} = \frac{-2x+3}{-1}$$

$$y = 2x-3$$

$$\approx (3, 2.7)$$

3. Solve $\begin{cases} 4x+y=-1 \\ y-4=x \end{cases}$ by graphing.



$$\begin{array}{r} 4x+y=-1 \\ -4x \quad -4x \end{array}$$

$$y = -4x-1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y-4=x \\ +4 \quad +4 \end{array}$$

$$y = x+4$$

$$(-1, 3)$$

4. Solve by substitution $\begin{cases} 3x-2=y \\ y-2x=-5 \end{cases}$

$$3x-2-2x=-5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x-2=-5 \\ +2 \quad +2 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{x=-3}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y = 3(-3)-2 \\ = -11 \end{array}$$

$$(-3, -11)$$

5. Solve $\begin{cases} y = \frac{1}{2}x + 5 \\ 2y = x - 24 \end{cases}$

$$2\left(\frac{1}{2}x + 5\right) = x - 24$$

$$x + 10 = x - 24$$

$$-x \quad -x$$

$10 \neq -24$
False

No Solution

6. Solve by substitution $\begin{cases} -2x - y = 3 \\ y - 12 = x \end{cases}$

$x = 7 - 12$
 $x = -5$

$$-2(y - 12) - y = 3$$

$$-2y + 24 - y = 3$$

$$-3y + 24 = 3$$

$$-24 - 24$$

$$-3y = -21$$

$$\frac{-3y}{-3} = \frac{-21}{-3}$$

$y = 7$

$(-5, 7)$

7. Solve by elimination $\begin{cases} x - 2y = -7 \\ 4x + 2y = 22 \end{cases}$

$5x = 15$

$\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{15}{5}$ $x = 3$

$$3 - 2y = -7$$

$$-3 - 2y = -3$$

$$\frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{-10}{-2}$$

$y = 5$

$(3, 5)$

8. Solve by any method: $\begin{cases} y - 3x = 2 \\ y = -2x - 8 \end{cases}$

$$-2x - 8 - 3x = 2$$

$$-5x - 8 = 2$$

$$+8 \quad +8$$

$$-5x = 10$$

$$\frac{-5x}{-5} = \frac{10}{-5}$$

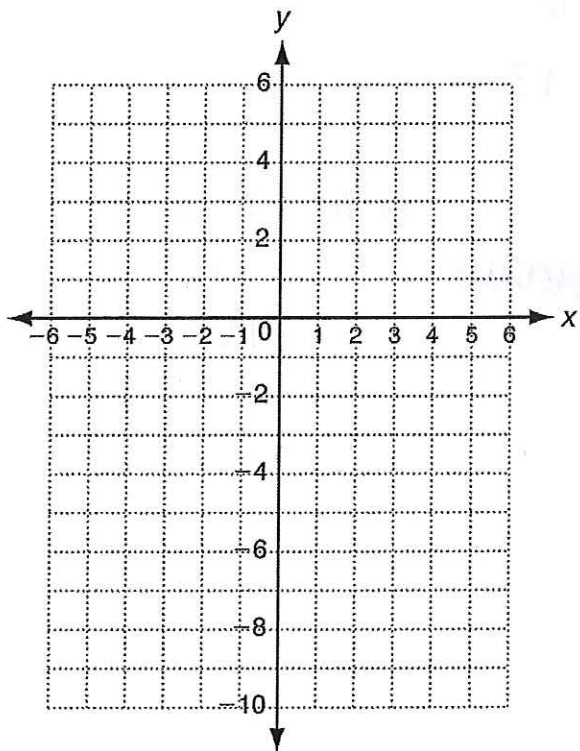
$x = -2$

$$y = -2(-2) - 8$$

$$= 4 - 8$$

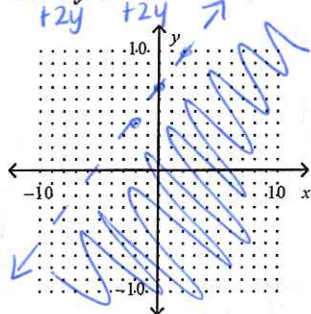
$y = -4$

$(-2, -4)$



9. Graph.

$$3x - 2y > -14$$



$$3x > 2y - 14$$

$$+14 \quad +14$$

$$3x + 14 > 2y$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} < \frac{3x + 14}{2}$$

$$y < \frac{3}{2}x + 7$$

(0,0)

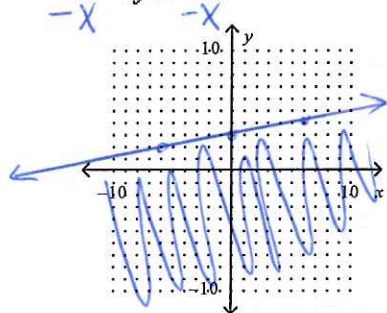
$$3(0) - 2(0) > -14$$

$$0 > -14$$

True

10. Graph.

$$x - 6y \geq -18$$



$$\frac{-6y}{-6} \geq \frac{-x - 18}{-6}$$

$$y \leq \frac{1}{6}x + 3$$

Test

(0,0) →

$$0 - 6(0) \geq -18$$

$$0 \geq -18$$

True

~~0 < -18~~

True